Safety Data Sheet
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. **Product identifier**

Article No. (manufacturer/supplier):	1 00037 DN000
Trade name/designation	epple 37-new / tin Sealant UFI: 58M0-J0D0-X008-0GN4

1.2. **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses:
Sealing material for the sealing of different parts / buildinggroups

1.3. **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

supplier (manufacturer/importer/downstream user/distributor)

E. Epple & Co. GmbH
Hertzstr. 8
71083 Herrenberg

Telephone: +49 7032 / 9771-17
Telefax: +49 7032 / 9771-60
www.epple-chemie.de

Department responsible for information:
laboratory
E-mail (competent person): labor@epple-chemie.de

1.4. **Emergency telephone number**
Information center against poisoning Bonn: +49 (0) 228 / 19 240 (Advice in German)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. **Classification of the substance or mixture**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Flam. Liq. 2 / H225	Flammable liquids	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye Dam. 1 / H318	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin Sens. 1 / H317	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT SE 3 / H336	STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. **Label elements**

The product is classified and labelled according to EC directives or corresponding national laws.

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms



Danger

Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing vapours.
P280	Wear protective gloves.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazard components for labelling

butan-1-ol
methenamine
butanone
Cashew, nutshell liquid

Supplemental hazard information

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

2.3. **Other hazards**

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. **Mixtures**

Description Phenolic resin based sealant

Hazardous ingredients

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

EC No. CAS No. Index No.	REACH No. Designation classification: // Remark	weight-%
201-159-0 78-93-3 606-002-00-3	01-2119457290-43 butanone Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	24,9 - 49,9
200-751-6 71-36-3 603-004-00-6	01-2119484630-38 butan-1-ol Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / Acute Tox. 4 H302 / STOT SE 3 H335 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Dam. 1 H318 / STOT SE 3 H336 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): ATE (oral): 2292 mg/kg bw	2,4 - 9,9
236-675-5 13463-67-7	01-2119489379-17 Titanium dioxide Carc. 2 H351	2,4 - 9,9
202-905-8 100-97-0 612-101-00-2	01-2119474895-20 methenamine Flam. Sol. 2 H228 / Skin Sens. 1 H317	0,9 - 2,4
232-355-4 8007-24-7	01-2119502450-57 Cashew, nutshell liquid Acute Tox. 4 H302 / Acute Tox. 4 H312 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Dam. 1 H318 / Skin Sens. 1 H317 / Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): ATE (oral): 1000 mg/kg bw / ATE (dermal): 2000 mg/kg bw	0,1 - 0,9
203-632-7 108-95-2 604-001-00-2	01-2119471329-32 Phenol Muta. 2 H341 / Acute Tox. 3 H331 / Acute Tox. 3 H311 / Acute Tox. 3 H301 / STOT RE 2 H373 / Skin Corr. 1B H314 Specific concentration limit (SCL): Skin Corr. 1B H314 >= 3 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 >= 1 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 >= 1 Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): ATE (oral): 340 mg/kg bw / ATE (inhalation, vapour): 0,31 mg/L	0,1 - 0,9

Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. **Description of first aid measures**

General information

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

Following ingestion
If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3. **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media
alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

Unsuitable extinguishing media
strong water jet

5.2. **Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**
Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

5.3. **Advice for firefighters**
Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

6.2. **Environmental precautions**
Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. **Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**
Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

6.4. **Reference to other sections**
Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. **Precautions for safe handling**

Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

Further information
Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2. **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels
Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Floors must be electrically conductive.

Hints on joint storage
Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 5 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

7.3. **Specific end use(s)**
Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. **Control parameters**
Occupational exposure limit values

butanone
Index No. 606-002-00-3 / EC No. 201-159-0 / CAS No. 78-93-3
TWA: 600 mg/m3; 200 ppm
STEL: 899 mg/m3; 300 ppm

butan-1-ol
Index No. 603-004-00-6 / EC No. 200-751-6 / CAS No. 71-36-3

STEL: 154 mg/m3; 50 ppm

Titanium dioxide
EC No. 236-675-5 / CAS No. 13463-67-7
TWA: 10 mg/m3
Remark: inhalable aerosol

Phenol
Index No. 604-001-00-2 / EC No. 203-632-7 / CAS No. 108-95-2
TWA: 7,8 mg/m3; 2 ppm
STEL: 16 mg/m3; 4 ppm

Additional information
TWA : Long-term occupational exposure limit value
STEL : short-term occupational exposure limit value
Ceiling : peak limitation

DNEL:

butan-1-ol
Index No. 603-004-00-6 / EC No. 200-751-6 / CAS No. 71-36-3
DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 310 mg/m³

butanone
Index No. 606-002-00-3 / EC No. 201-159-0 / CAS No. 78-93-3
DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 1161 mg/kg
DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 600 mg/m³
DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 31 mg/kg
DNEL acute dermal, short-term (local), Consumer: 412 mg/kg
DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 106 mg/m³

Phenol
Index No. 604-001-00-2 / EC No. 203-632-7 / CAS No. 108-95-2
DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 8 mg/m³

Titanium dioxide
EC No. 236-675-5 / CAS No. 13463-67-7
DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 10 mg/m³

Cashew, nutshell liquid
EC No. 232-355-4 / CAS No. 8007-24-7
DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 0,5 mg/kg
DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 0,88 mg/m³

PNEC:

butan-1-ol
Index No. 603-004-00-6 / EC No. 200-751-6 / CAS No. 71-36-3
PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,082 mg/L
PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,0082 mg/L
PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 2,25 mg/L

PNEC sediment, freshwater: 0,178 mg/kg
PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,0178 mg/kg
PNEC, soil: 0,015 mg/kg
PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 2476 mg/L

butanone
Index No. 606-002-00-3 / EC No. 201-159-0 / CAS No. 78-93-3
PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 55,8 mg/L
PNEC aquatic, marine water: 55,8 mg/L
PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 55,8 mg/L
PNEC sediment, freshwater: 284,7 mg/kg
PNEC sediment, marine water: 284,7 mg/kg
PNEC, soil: 22,5 mg/kg

Phenol
Index No. 604-001-00-2 / EC No. 203-632-7 / CAS No. 108-95-2
PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 7,7 µg/L
PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,77 µg/L
PNEC sediment, freshwater: 91,5 µg/kg
PNEC sediment, marine water: 9,15 µg/kg
PNEC, soil: 136 µg/kg
PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 2,1 mg/L

Titanium dioxide
EC No. 236-675-5 / CAS No. 13463-67-7
PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,127 mg/L
PNEC aquatic, marine water: 1 mg/L
PNEC aquatic, intermittent release: 0,61 mg/L
PNEC sediment, freshwater: 1000 mg/kg
PNEC sediment, marine water: 100 mg/kg
PNEC, soil: 100 mg/kg
PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 100 mg/L
PNEC Secondary Poisoning: 1667 mg/kg

8.2. **Exposure controls**

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Observe the wear time limits according GefStoffV in combination with the rules for using respiratory protection apparatus (BGR 190). Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.
Use filter / combination filter according to EN 14387.
Suitable respiratory protection apparatus: ABEK-P2

Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)
Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm ; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.
Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374
Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

Eye/face protection

Wear eye glasses with side protection according to EN 166.

Body protection

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

Protective measures

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. **Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state:	**Liquid**
Appearance:	**viscous**
Colour:	**grey**
Odour:	**characteristic**
Odour threshold:	**not applicable**
Melting point/freezing point:	**-89 °C** Source: butan-1-ol
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	**80 °C** Source: butanone
Flammability:	**Highly flammable liquid and vapour.**
Lower and upper explosion limit:	
Lower explosion limit:	**1,4 Vol-%** Source: butan-1-ol
Upper explosion limit:	**11,5 Vol-%** Source: butanone
Flash point:	**-4 °C**
Auto-ignition temperature:	**325 °C** Source: butan-1-ol
Decomposition temperature:	**not applicable**
pH at 20 °C:	**not relevant**
Kinematic viscosity (40°C):	**8214,29 mm²/s**
Viscosity at 20 °C:	**7 - 16 Pa*s**
Solubility(ies):	
Water solubility at 20 °C:	**insoluble**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	**see section 12**
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	**105 mbar** Source: butanone
Density and/or relative density:	
Density at 20 °C:	**1,40 g/cm³**
Relative vapour density:	**not applicable**
particle characteristics:	**not applicable**

9.2. **Other information**

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. **Reactivity**
No information available.

10.2. **Chemical stability**
Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

10.3. **Possibility of hazardous reactions**
Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

10.4. **Conditions to avoid**
Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

10.5. **Incompatible materials**
not applicable

10.6. **Hazardous decomposition products**
Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. **Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Acute toxicity

butan-1-ol
oral, LD50, Rat: 2292 mg/kg
Method: OECD 401
dermal, LD50, Rabbit
Method: OECD 402

butanone
oral, LD50, Rat: 2193 mg/kg
Method: OECD 403
dermal, LD50, Rabbit: 8050 mg/kg
Method: OECD 402

Phenol
oral, LD50, Rat: 340 mg/kg
dermal, LD50, Rabbit 850 - 1400 mg/kg
inhalative (dust and mist), LC50, Rat: 0,316 mg/L (4 h)
inhalative (vapours), LC50, Rat: 0,9 mg/L (8 h)

Titanium dioxide
oral, LD50, Rat: > 5000 mg/kg
Method: OECD 420
inhalative (dust and mist), LC50, Rat: > 6,82 mg/L (4 h)

Cashew, nutshell liquid
oral, LD50, Rat: > 1000 mg/kg
dermal, LD50, Rat: > 2000 mg/kg

Hexamethylenetetramine
oral, LD50, Rat: > 20000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Titanium dioxide
Skin:, Rabbit: Evaluation non-irritant.
Method: OECD 404
Eyes:, Rabbit.: Evaluation non-irritant.
Method: OECD 405

Cashew, nutshell liquid
Skin: Evaluation Irritant
eyes: Evaluation Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Titanium dioxide
Skin, Mouse: ; Evaluation not sensitising.
Method: OECD 429

Cashew, nutshell liquid
Skin, Guinea pig: ; Evaluation strong sensitising
Method: OECD 429

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of

natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

Overall assessment on CMR properties

The ingredients in this mixture do not meet the criteria for classification as CMR category 1A or 1B according to CLP.

Remark

There is no information available on the preparation itself .

11.2. **Information on other hazards**

Endocrine disrupting properties
No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]
Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

12.1. **Toxicity**

butan-1-ol
Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) (96 h)
Method: OECD 203
Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna: 1328 mg/L (48 h)
Method: OECD 202
Algae toxicity, EC50:, Selenastrum capricornutum: 225 mg/L (96 h)
Method: OECD 201
Bacterial toxicity:, EC10, Pseudomonas putida: 2476 mg/L (17 h)
Method: DIN 38412

butanone
Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 2993 mg/L (96 h)
Method: OECD 203
Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 308 mg/L (48 h)
Method: OECD 202

Phenol
Fish toxicity, LC50, Danio rerio (zebrafish): 27,8 mg/L (96 h)
Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia pulex (water flea) 18 - 36 mg/L (48 h)
Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 46,42 mg/L (96 h)
Algae toxicity, EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus 187 - 279 mg/L (72 h)
Fish toxicity, LC50, Salmo gairdneri 9,1 - 12,2 mg/L (96 h)
Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 6,6 mg/L (48 h)
Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 8,9 mg/L (96 h)

Titanium dioxide
Algae toxicity, EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 61 mg/L (72 h)
Method: EPA-600/9-78-018
Bacterial toxicity:, EC50:, Activated sludge: > 1000 (3 h)
Method: OECD 209

Cashew, nutshell liquid
Fish toxicity, LL50:, Cyprinodon variegatus: > 1000 mg/L (48 h)
Daphnia toxicity, LL50, Tisbe furcata: > 1000 mg/L (48 h)
Daphnia toxicity, EL50:, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 40,46 mg/L (48 h)

Hexamethylenetetramine
Fish toxicity, LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 55600 mg/L (96 h)
Method: Flow test
Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea) 29868 - 43390 mg/L (48 h)

Long-term Ecotoxicity

Cashew, nutshell liquid
Bacterial toxicity:, NOEC:, Activated sludge: 100 mg/L (28 d)

12.2. **Persistence and degradability**

butanone
oxygen consumption: 98 % (28 d)

12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential**

butanone
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 0,3

Phenol
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 1,47

Hexamethylenetetramine
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: -2,18

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

Phenol
Bioconcentration factor (BCF), Leuciscus idus (golden orfe): 20
Bioconcentration factor (BCF), Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 1276 x10^49
Bioconcentration factor (BCF), Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 277

12.4. **Mobility in soil**
Toxicological data are not available.

12.5. **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. **Endocrine disrupting properties**
No information available.

12.7. **Other adverse effects**
No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. **Waste treatment methods**

Appropriate disposal / Product
Recommendation
Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

Observe in addition any national regulations!

Switzerland: Disposal in accordance with the Ordinance on the Transport of Waste (VeVA) and the Ordinance on the Avoidance and Disposal of Waste (VVEA).

List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC
080409* Waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
*Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

Appropriate disposal / Package
Dispose of packaging and contaminated filters at a offical hazardous waste incinerator facility.
Recommendation:
Waste codes / waste designations according to EWC / AVV: 15 01 10*

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. **UN number or ID number**

UN 1866

14.2. **UN proper shipping name**

Land transport (ADR/RID):	Resin solution
Sea transport (IMDG):	RESIN SOLUTION
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR):	Resin solution

14.3. **Transport hazard class(es)**

3

14.4. **Packing group**

Land transport (ADR/RID):	III
for packages > 450 litres:	II
Sea transport (IMDG):	III

for packages > 450 litres	II
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR):	III
for packages > 30 litres:	II

14.5. **Environmental hazards**

Land transport (ADR/RID)	not applicable
Marine pollutant	not applicable

14.6. **Special precautions for user**

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.
Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

Further information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code	E
for packages > 450 litres:	D/E special prescription 640D

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No.	F-E, S-E

14.7. **Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. **Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

EU legislation

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive]
VOC-value (in g/L): 423

National regulations

Restrictions of occupation
Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations, if applicable.

Switzerland: Maternity Protection Ordinance (SR 822.111.52): Pregnant women and nursing mothers may only come into contact with or be exposed to this preparation during their work if it has been established on the basis of a risk assessment by a specialist that, in the context of the activities and the protective measures taken, exposure will not result in harm to the mother or child.

Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC) or stricter national regulations, if applicable.

Switzerland: Youth Labour Protection Ordinance (ArGV 5; SR 822.115): Young people up to the age of 18 may only come into contact with or be exposed to this preparation during their work if the Federal Office for Professional Education and Technology (OPET) or the State Secretariat for Economic Affairs (SECO) has authorised an exception.

Further details:

For professional use only. Product is not intended for consumer use.

Substance/product listed in the following inventories:
AICS no informtion
DSL no information
EHS no information
IECSC listed
KECI listed
MITI no information
NZLoC no information
PICCS no information
TCSI no information
TSCA no information

15.2. **Chemical Safety Assessment**

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

EC No. CAS No.	Designation	REACH No.
201-159-0 78-93-3	butanone	01-2119457290-43
200-751-6 71-36-3	butan-1-ol	01-2119484630-38
236-675-5 13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	01-2119489379-17
202-905-8 100-97-0	methenamine	01-2119474895-20
232-355-4 8007-24-7	Cashew, nutshell liquid	01-2119502450-57
203-632-7 108-95-2	Phenol	01-2119471329-32

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classification in section 3

Flam. Liq. 2 / H225	Flammable liquids	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE 3 / H336	STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	Flammable liquids	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute Tox. 4 / H302	Acute toxicity (oral)	Harmful if swallowed.
STOT SE 3 / H335	STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin Irrit. 2 / H315	Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Dam. 1 / H318	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
Carc. 2 / H351	Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).
Flam. Sol. 2 / H228	Flammable solids	Flammable solid.
Skin Sens. 1 / H317	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Acute Tox. 4 / H312	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Harmful in contact with skin.
Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Muta. 2 / H341	Germ cell mutagenicity	Suspected of causing genetic defects (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).
Acute Tox. 3 / H331	Acute toxicity (inhalative)	Toxic if inhaled.
Acute Tox. 3 / H311	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Toxic in contact with skin.
Acute Tox. 3 / H301	Acute toxicity (oral)	Toxic if swallowed.
STOT RE 2 / H373	STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (or state all organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).
Skin Corr. 1B / H314	Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Classification procedure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids	On basis of test data.
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Calculation method.
Skin Sens. 1	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Calculation method.
STOT SE 3	STOT-single exposure	Calculation method.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit Value
BLV	Biological Limit Value
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic
DIN	German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard

DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EAKV	European Waste Catalogue Directive
EC	Effective Concentration
EC	European Community
EN	European Standard
IATA-DGR	International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations
IBC Code	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
ICAO-TI	International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air
IMDG Code	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
LC	Lethal Concentration
LD	Lethal Dose
MARPOL	Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
PBT	persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
UN	United Nations
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.